

Garswood Primary School Policy for Online safety



USING RESOURCES

### In conjunction with 'GIST'

(Garswood Internet Support Team)



"Harnessing Technology: Transforming learning and children's services sets out the government plans for taking a strategic approach to the future development of ICT."

http://www.dfes.gov.uk/publications/e-strategy/

The policy has been created by a working party consisting of computing lead, SLT and head teacher, GIST (Garswood Internet support team (made up of KS2 children) and then discussed and approved by Parents, Staff and Governors.

Last updated: June 2023

#### **GIST (Garswood Internet Support Team)**

#### What is Garswood's Internet Support Team

Garswood's Internet Support Team is a network of children across KS2 who show an aptitude towards computing and a particular interest in e safety across the school. Meeting are led by Miss Moon the computing lead and discussions from team meetings are shared with the deputy head and specific learning assistants. They are involved in all major e safety decisions across the school and will often disseminate information across the school.

#### What does the team do?

The GIST Team created an action plan to ensure e safety is current and happening across Garswood Primary, training is in place and policies are adhered to. They create, plan and deliver training across the school and share results and information they have gained with staff and Governors.

#### Mary How do they tackle e safety at Garswood?

The team have a number of duties with regards to e safety, their action plan includes....

- Creating presentations to staff and pupils
- Carry out surveys and analyse the information gained.
- Create posters and information leaflets for various audiences with regards to e safety.
- Discuss policies and action plans and ways to move forward
- Create online and virtual resources for various people to access.
- Create solutions to e safety problems as they arise.

This e-safety policy was approved by the Governing Body / Governors Sub Committee on:	
The implementation of this e-safety policy will be monitored by the:	Computing lead – Les Moon, GIST, SLT
Monitoring will take place at regular intervals:	Annually (October)
The E-Safety Policy will be reviewed annually, or more regularly in the light of any significant new developments in the use of the technologies, new threats to e-safety or incidents that have taken place. The next anticipated review date will be:	September 2024
Should serious e-safety incidents take place, the following external persons / agencies should be informed:	Computing lead – Les Moon, Family Support Worker – H Evans Head teacher – Pam Potter

#### **Education for a Connected World:**

Today's children and young people are growing up in a digital world. As they grow older, it is crucial that they learn to balance the benefits offered by technology with a critical awareness of their own and other's online behaviour and develop effective strategies for staying safe and making a positive contribution online.

Garswood will adopt philosophies from Education for a Connected World to describe the skills and understanding that children and young people should have the opportunity to develop at different ages and stages. Highlighting what a child should know in terms of current online technology, its influence on behaviour and development, and what skills they need to be able to navigate it safely.

#### **ProjectEVOLVE:**

Resources each of the 330 statements from UK Council for Internet Safety's (UKCIS) framework "Education for a Connected World" with perspectives; research; activities; outcomes; supporting resources and professional development materials. This vast library of content is managed by an innovative new engine, designed by the SWGfL Webteam, that not only makes navigating the content intuitive but allows users to personalise the content they collate.

Project evolve can provide information, lesson plans, research summaries, stimulus questions and activities for pupils to complete. Professional development materials for staff are also available to broaden ever changing e safety knowledge. It has been designed with customisation and flexibility.

The content has been written by a team of experts here at the UK Safer Internet Centre. It's up to date; relevant and engaging and moves online life education into the third decade of the 21st century.

#### Aims:

Garswood will use Project Evolve, Google Legends and Education for a Connected World as a tool for anyone who works with children and young people. It enables the development of teaching and learning as well as guidance to support children and young people to live knowledgeably, responsibly and safely in a digital world.

They focus specifically on eight different aspects of online education:

- 1. Self-image and Identity
- 2. Online relationships
- 3. Online reputation
- 4. Online bullying
- 5. Managing online information
- 6. Health, wellbeing and lifestyle
- 7. Privacy and security
- 8. Copyright and ownership

Garswood and Education for a Connected World aims to support and broaden the provision of online safety education, so that it is empowering, builds resilience and effects positive culture change. The objectives promote the development of safe and appropriate long-term behaviours, and support educators in shaping the culture within their setting and beyond.

In conjunction with various advisors Garswood is developing a rich, effective and developmental curriculum, which will support young people to be safe, healthy and thriving online:

- Auditing and evaluating existing provision of online safety education
- Coordinating delivery of online safety education throughout the curriculum
- Improving engagement across the wider school community on issues related to online safety
- Developing effective training for staff and governors/board members

Online safety is a whole school issue. The framework aims to support the development of the curriculum and is of particular relevance to PSHE education and Computing. It is designed, however, to be usable across the curriculum and to be central to a whole school approach to safeguarding and online safety.

#### **Overview:**

This e safety policy applies to all members of Garswood Primary (including staff, pupils, volunteers, parents, trainee teachers, visitors) who have access to and are users of Garswood Primary both in and out of the *school*.

The Education and Inspections Act 2006 empowers Headteachers to such extent as is reasonable, to regulate the behaviour of pupils when they are off the *school* site and empowers members of staff to impose disciplinary penalties for inappropriate behaviour. This is pertinent to incidents of cyber-bullying, or other e-safety incidents covered by this policy, which may take place outside of the school, but is linked to membership of the school. The 2011 Education Act increased these powers with regard to the searching for and of electronic devices and the deletion of data. In the case of both acts, action can only be taken over issues covered by the Behaviour Policy.

The school will deal with such incidents within this policy and associated behaviour and anti-bullying policies and will, where known, inform parents / carers of incidents of inappropriate e-safety behaviour that take place out of school.

E-Safety encompasses Internet technologies and electronic communications such as mobile phones and devices as well as collaboration tools and personal publishing. It highlights the need to educate pupils about the benefits and risks of using technology and provides safeguards and awareness for users to enable them to control their online experience.

ICT in the 21st Century has an all-encompassing role within the lives of children and adults. New technologies are enhancing communication and the sharing of information. Current and emerging technologies used in school and, more importantly in many cases, used outside of school by children include:

- The Internet and e-mail
- Instant messaging often using web cams
- Blogs (an on-line interactive diary)
- Podcasting (radio / audio broadcasts downloaded to computer or MP3/4 player)
- Social networking sites
- Video broadcasting sites
- Chat Rooms Gaming Sites
- Music download sites Mobile phones with camera and video functionality
- Smart phones with e-mail, web functionality and cut down 'Office' applications.

#### **Roles and Responsibilities:**

Our e-Safety Policy has been written by the school, building on the information from **Education for a Connected World, Becta, CEOP and GIST team discussions.** 

The school's e-safety policy will operate in conjunction with other policies including those for Computing, behaviour, Cyber bullying and Child Protection.

The **e safety coordinator** (**Les Moon**) will operate as part of the Computing coordinators role in association with the **SENCO** (**Lucy Myatt**) and **Pastoral Lead** (**Helen Evans**) all discussions and specific incidents on violation of e safety will be recorded on CPOMS flagged to the **deputy head and head teacher** (**Andrew Yearsley and Pam Potter**)

Our e-Safety Coordinator ensures they keep up to date with e-Safety issues and guidance through liaison with the Local Authority e-Safety Officer/Safeguarding Unit and through organisations such as Becta and The Child Exploitation and Online Protection (CEOP). The school's e-Safety coordinator ensures the Head, senior management and Governors are updated as necessary.

- Governors Governors / Directors are responsible for the approval of the E-Safety Policy and for reviewing the effectiveness of the policy. They will regularly receive internet filtering and monitoring reports and one specific member will take the role of e-safety officer in the Governing Body.
- Head teacher The Headteacher has a duty of care for ensuring the safety (including e-safety) of members of the school community, though the day to day responsibility for e-safety will be delegated to the E-Safety Co-ordinator. The Headteacher and computing lead (SLT member) are aware of the procedures to be followed in the event of a serious e-safety allegation being made against a member of staff.

### Online safety coordinator –

- leads the e-safety team (GIST)
- takes day to day responsibility for e-safety issues and has a leading role in establishing and reviewing the school e-safety policies / documents
- ensures that all staff are aware of the procedures that need to be followed in the event of an e-safety incident taking place.
- provides training and advice for staff
- liaises with the Local Authority and liaises with school technical staff
- receives reports of e-safety incidents and uses these to inform future e-safety developments,
- meets regularly with SLT to discuss current issues, review incident logs and filtering / change control logs
- attends relevant governors meetings

#### St. Helens technicians:

- that the school's technical infrastructure is secure and is not open to misuse or malicious attack
- that the school meets required e-safety technical requirements and any Local Authority / other relevant body E-Safety Policy / Guidance that may apply.
- that users may only access the networks and devices through a properly enforced password protection policy, in which passwords are regularly changed
- the internet filtering policy is applied and updated on a regular basis and that its implementation is not the sole responsibility of any single person.

• that they keep up to date with e-safety technical information in order to effectively carry out their e-safety role and to inform and update others as relevant

#### Teaching and Support Staff:

- they have an up to date awareness of e-safety matters at Garswood and its e-safety policy and practices
- they have read, understood and signed the Staff Acceptable Use Policy
- they report any suspected misuse or problem to the Headteacher / family support worker or E-Safety Coordinator
- all digital communications with students / pupils / parents / carers should be on a professional level and only carried out using official school systems
- e-safety issues are embedded in all aspects of the curriculum and other activities
- pupils understand and follow the e-safety and acceptable use policies
- pupils have a good understanding of research skills and the need to avoid plagiarism and uphold copyright regulations
- they monitor the use of digital technologies, mobile devices, cameras etc in lessons and other school activities (where allowed) and implement current policies with regard to these devices.

#### GIST (Garswood Internet Safety Team):

The GIST provides a consultative group that has representation from KS2 children and staff with responsibility for issues regarding e-safety and the monitoring the e-safety policy including the impact of initiatives. The group will also be responsible for regular reporting to the Governing Body.

Members of the GIST will assist the e safety coordinator, Miss Moon with:

- the production / review / monitoring of the school e-safety policy.
- the production / review / monitoring of the school e safety action plan.
- mapping and reviewing the e-safety curricular provision ensuring relevance, breadth and progression.
- consulting parents / carers and pupils about the e-safety provision.
- monitoring improvement actions identified through use of questionnaires and surveys.

#### E Safety:

E safety should be a focus in all areas of the curriculum and staff should reinforce e-safety messages across the curriculum. The e-safety curriculum should be broad, relevant and provide progression, with opportunities for creative activities and will be provided in the following ways:

- A planned e-safety curriculum should be provided as part of Computing / PHSE / other lessons and should be regularly revisited
- Key e-safety messages should be reinforced as part of a planned programme of assemblies and lessons.
- Pupils should be taught in all lessons to be critically aware of the materials / content they access on-line and be guided to validate the accuracy of information.
- Pupils should be taught to acknowledge the source of information used and to respect copyright when using material accessed on the internet
- Pupils should be helped to understand the need for the pupil Acceptable Use Agreement and encouraged to adopt safe and responsible use both within and outside school
- Staff should act as good role models in their use of digital technologies the internet and mobile devices
- In lessons where internet use is pre-planned, it is best practice that pupils should be guided to sites checked as suitable for their use and that processes are in place for dealing with any unsuitable material that is found in internet searches.
- Where pupils are allowed to freely search the internet, staff should be vigilant in monitoring the content of the websites the young people visit.

### **Education/Teaching and Learning**

#### **My Internet use is important**

The Internet is an essential element in 21st century life for education, business and social interaction. The school has a duty to provide students with quality Internet access as part of their learning experience.

Internet use is a part of the statutory curriculum and a necessary tool for staff and pupils. It operates closely with Garwood's creative curriculum, encouraging children to do their own research both in and outside of school connected with their own learning.

Pupils use the Internet widely outside school and will need to learn how to evaluate Internet information and to take care of their own safety and security.

#### Internet use will enhance learning

Internet access will be planned to enrich and extend learning activities. Access levels will be reviewed to reflect the curriculum requirements and age of pupils.

Pupils will be taught what Internet use is acceptable and what is not and given clear objectives for Internet use.

The school Internet access will be designed expressly for pupil use and will include filtering appropriate to St Helens firewall requirements outlined below:

- **2.1.** Filtered access to the Internet in schools is provided to members of staff in pursuance of their duties in schools. Access should only be attempted by members of staff who have been authorised to do so by the Head Teacher.
- **2.2.** Members of staff using the internet in schools must do so within the general requirements of the School's Code of Conduct, with particular regard to
  - **Duty of Fidelity** includes actions or omissions which could damage the business prospects or reputation of the school or in any way bring the school into disrepute.
  - Duty of Care is defined as carrying out your particular occupation using the skills, ability and knowledge for which
    you are employed to the best interest of the Council/School and using Council/School equipment and resources with
    proper regard.
  - Use of Council/School Property or Facilities you must not remove or use School property for your personal
    requirements or for the benefit of others where the work of the School is not involved. Use of School buildings or
    facilities outside your normal duties and hours of work must be fully authorised and open to scrutiny.'

Staff should guide pupils in on-line activities that will support the learning outcomes planned for the pupils' age and maturity.

Pupils will be educated in the effective use of the Internet in research, including the skills of knowledge location, retrieval and evaluation.

#### Pupils will be taught how to evaluate Internet content

The school will ensure that the use of Internet derived materials by staff and pupils complies with copyright law.

Pupils should be taught to be critically aware of the materials they read and shown how to validate information before accepting its accuracy.

Pupils will be taught to acknowledge the source of information used and to respect copyright when using Internet material in their own work.

Current Garswood software such as **smoothwall** will filter inappropriate images before children become aware of them but the searching of images will be taught through whole class lessons.

#### Parents / carers

Many parents and carers have only a limited understanding of e-safety risks and issues, yet they play an essential role in the education of their children and in the monitoring / regulation of the children's on-line behaviours. Parents may underestimate how often children and young people come across potentially harmful and inappropriate material on the internet and may be unsure about how to respond.

The school will therefore seek to provide information and awareness to parents and carers through:

- Curriculum activities
- Letters, newsletters, web site,
- Parents evenings / sessions
- High profile events / campaigns eg Safer Internet Day
- Reference to the relevant web sites / publications

#### The Wider Community

The school will provide opportunities for local community groups / members of the community to gain from the school's / academy's e-safety knowledge and experience. This may be offered through the following:

- Providing family learning courses in use of new digital technologies, digital literacy and e-safety
- E-Safety messages targeted towards grandparents and other relatives as well as parents.
- The school website will provide e-safety information for the wider community
- Supporting community groups eg Tots Club

#### **Training:**



It is essential that all staff receive e-safety training and understand their responsibilities, as outlined in this policy. Training will be offered as follows:

- A planned programme of formal e-safety training will be made available to staff. This will be regularly updated and reinforced. An audit of the e-safety training needs of all staff will be carried out regularly.
- All new staff should receive e-safety training as part of their induction programme, ensuring that they fully understand the school e-safety policy and Acceptable Use Agreements.
- The E-Safety Coordinator will receive regular updates through attendance at external training events and by reviewing guidance documents released by relevant organisations.
- This E-Safety policy and its updates will be presented to and discussed by staff in staff / team meetings / INSET days.

#### Governors:

Governors should take part in e-safety training with particular importance for those who are assigned to e safety and child protection.

• Participation in school training / information sessions for staff or parents (this may include attendance at assemblies / lessons).

#### **Managing Internet Access**

#### Information system security

School ICT systems capacity and security will be reviewed regularly.

Virus protection will be updated daily through **Smoothwall** downloading automatically through the schools networked server. Image protection to avoid inappropriate viewing of flesh tone will be highlighted, record and blocked by the **Smoothwall** software brought into Garswood to cover the areas that **Smoothwall** is not equipped to prevent.

#### Microsoft Teams and E mail accounts:

Pupils may only use approved e-mail accounts on the school system. Each Year group have been allocated a username and password to Microsoft Teams which operates without their our 'class' with one username and password to be used during lesson time to demonstrate and develop curriculum objectives, and for Home learning. Aeny use of 'messaging' will take place through Teams to specific members of their own class or allocated staff, were all messages sent can be edited and accounted for. No messages will be sent externally to anyone who does not attend Garswood Primary School. When blogging on the school website or Teams children must always access their account. Pupils must immediately tell a teacher immediately if they receive offensive e-mail or messages. Pupils must not reveal personal details of themselves or others in e-mail communication or arrange to meet anyone without specific permission. (Refer to e bullying policy and safer Internet Day resources on staff share)

E-mail sent to an external organisation should be written carefully and authorised before sending, in the same way as a letter written on school headed paper.

The forwarding of chain letters is not permitted.

#### ST Helens services advice....

Head Teachers should critically consider the granting of Internet access to ensure that usage will add value to the member of staff's role in the school. Head Teachers should also ensure that all members of staff are aware of the need for this authorisation before attempting to use the Internet and that any unapproved connection may constitute a breach of the Code of Conduct.

Head Teachers should immediately request the removal of Internet access for leavers and for any member of staff suspended from work. This information should also be made available to St. Helens.

### Published content on the School Spider Website

The contact details on the Web site are the school address, e-mail and telephone number. Staff or pupils' personal information will not be published.

The Computing co-ordinator and website lead will take overall editorial responsibility and ensure that content is accurate and appropriate.

The School spider website will be updated regularly with current school information such as newsletters, home activities, class topic information and dates throughout the term. The class teacher and office manager will be responsible for this. Only children who have signed and written permission from their parent or Guardian will have photographs, school work, birthdays and full names uploaded.

#### Publishing pupil's images on Teams, Garswood Website and Twitter

Only children with written permission from a Parent or Guardian will have photographs and class work published on the website or Twitter.

Pupils' full names will not be displayed as part of the uploaded work, but first names could be associated with individual photographs or pieces of work

Written permission from parents or Guardians will always be sought when a new child starts at Garswood School Pupil's work can only be published with the permission of the pupil as well as the written permission mentioned above.

#### Social networking and personal publishing

The school will block/filter access to social networking sites through the St Helens filtering system. Twitter will only be allowed with head teachers permission.

Free Online games, especially those containing aspects of violence will be blocked and reported immediately to St Helens in order for the particular URL to be added to the LA's blocked list.

Pupils will be advised **never** to give out personal details of any kind which may identify them or their location. (Refer to e bullying policy and safer Internet Day resources on staff share)

Pupils and parents will be advised that the use of social network spaces outside school is mostly inappropriate for primary aged pupils.

#### Managing filtering

#### In conjunction with the St. Helens LA Internet policy, has adopted the following actions:

- **3.2.** Internet access is provided to schools through the St Helens MAN (Metropolitan Area Network). This infrastructure provides an Internet firewall and a filtering mechanism, presently installed at either school or LEA level. Members of staff should not attempt to circumvent or disable any of these features.
- **3.3.** Members of staff should use their individual I.D. when accessing the Internet and should not allow other staff to use their I.D.
- 3.4. When logged onto their Internet account members of staff should not leave a workstation unattended unless it is locked.

The school will work with Agilysis and the Internet Service Provider to ensure systems to protect pupils are reviewed and improved on a regular basis

If staff or pupils discover an unsuitable site, it must be reported to the e-Safety Coordinator immediately (through the class teacher if appropriate).

Senior Management team in conjunction with the Computing Coordinator will ensure that regular checks are made to ensure that the filtering methods selected are appropriate, effective and reasonable.

Any material that the school believes is illegal must be reported to appropriate agencies such as IWF or CEOP.

#### Managing emerging technologies

Emerging technologies will be examined for educational benefit and a risk assessment will be carried out before use in school is allowed.

Mobile phones will not be used during lessons or formal school time. The sending of abusive or inappropriate text messages is forbidden.

#### Protecting personal data

Personal data will be recorded, processed, transferred and made available according to the Data Protection Act 1998. For additional information in this area please see the SAENCO and Child Protection policies

All information regarding children is kept centrally on the SIMS system and access to this system can only be granted by Agilysis services who allocate individual username and passwords. Currently the only members of staff who have access is the Head Teacher, two office managers.

Wherever possible, information concerning individual children including tests scores, data and IEP/IBP's can be found on the staff share system. Staff are advised to not put this information on removable drives or send via email systems due to data and child protection (see every child matters agenda).

#### Use of digital and video images

The development of digital imaging technologies has created significant benefits to learning, allowing staff and pupils instant use of images that they have recorded themselves or downloaded from the internet. However, staff, parents / carers and pupils need to be aware of the risks associated with publishing digital images on the internet. Such images may provide avenues for cyberbullying to take place. Digital images may remain available on the internet forever and may cause harm or embarrassment to individuals in the short or longer term. It is common for employers to carry out internet searches for information about potential and existing employees. The school will inform and educate users about these risks and will implement policies to reduce the likelihood of the potential for harm:

- When using digital images, staff should inform and educate pupils about the risks associated with the taking, use, sharing, publication and distribution of images. In particular they should recognise the risks attached to publishing their own images on the internet eg on social networking sites.
- Staff and volunteers are allowed to take digital / video images to support educational aims, but must follow school policies concerning the sharing, distribution and publication of those images. Those images should only be taken on school equipment, the personal equipment of staff should not be used for such purposes.
- Care should be taken when taking digital / video images that pupils are appropriately dressed and are not participating in activities that might bring the individuals or the school into disrepute.
- Pupils must not take, use, share, publish or distribute images of others without their permission
- Photographs published on the website, Twitter, or elsewhere that include pupils will be selected carefully and will comply with good practice guidance on the use of such images.
- Written permission from parents or carers will be obtained before photographs of pupils are published on the school website or Twitter.

#### Data Protection

Personal data will be recorded, processed, transferred and made available according to the Data Protection Act 1998 and GDPR 2018 which states that personal data must be:

- Fairly and lawfully processed
- Processed for limited purposes
- Adequate, relevant and not excessive
- Accurate
- Kept no longer than is necessary
- Processed in accordance with the data subject's rights
- Secure
- Only transferred to others with adequate protection.

#### **Policy Decisions**

#### Authorising Internet access, Teams, Twitter and School Spider

All staff must read and sign the 'Staff Information Systems Code of Conduct' before using any school ICT resource.

The school will keep a record of all staff and pupils who are granted Internet access. The record will be kept up-to-date, for instance a member of staff may leave or a pupil's access be withdrawn.

Parents will be asked to sign and return a consent form.

All staff must now undergo a two form authenticator process when logging into their Microsoft accounts from, new devices, this is verified by a certified pass number on a phone application to confirm identify. Tis will occur once every 60 days.

All children, staff and governors will be allocated a specific username and password under the condition that they must not be revealed to another pupil. If this should occur, the child or member of staff are no longer entitled to the username and password and the incident will be logged.

All parents must sign a consent form before children are allocated with a username and password.

#### Assessing risks

The school will take all reasonable precautions to ensure that users access only appropriate material. However, due to the international scale and linked nature of Internet content, it is not possible to guarantee that unsuitable material will never appear on a school computer. Neither the school nor St Helens filtering can accept liability for the material accessed, or any consequences of Internet access.

The school will audit ICT provision to establish if the e-safety policy is adequate and that its implementation is effective.

The use of computer systems without permission or for inappropriate purposes could constitute a criminal offence under the Computer Misuse Act 1990.

Methods to identify, assess and minimise risks will be reviewed regularly.

#### Handling e-safety complaints

Complaints of Internet misuse will be dealt with by a senior member of staff, ideally the Head Teacher when available.

Any complaint about staff misuse must be referred to the head teacher.

Complaints of a child protection nature must be dealt with in accordance with school child protection procedures. (See child protection policy)

Parents and pupils will need to work in partnership with staff to resolve issues.

#### **Communications Policy**

#### Introducing the online safety policy to pupils

Online safety rules will be posted in all networked rooms with Internet access and discussed with the pupils at the start of each year. Pupils will be informed that network and Internet use will be monitored.

## Staff and the online safety policy in conjunction with St. Helens

In conjunction with the St. Helens LA Internet policy, has adopted the following actions:

- **3.6.** Members of staff should not use, or try to use, a school Internet account for intentionally accessing, displaying, storing or transmitting material that is obscene, sexually explicit, pornographic, racist, defamatory, hateful, incites or depicts violence, or describes techniques for criminal or terrorist acts or otherwise represents values which are contrary to School policy.
- **3.7.** Where access to such sites occurs accidentally this should be immediately reported to the Head Teacher or, in the case of the Head Teacher being absent, a member of the Senior Management team.
- **3.8.** Members of staff must be aware of, and abide by, the Data Protection Act as its provisions cover data transmitted and stored on e-mail. (See the Data Protection Policy and Code of Practice for further details).

All staff will be given the School e-Safety Policy and its importance explained. This policy will be kept on Staff Share and edit on an annual basis.

Staff should be aware that Internet traffic can be monitored and traced to the individual user. Discretion and professional conduct is essential.

Staff training in safe and responsible Internet use and on the school e-safety Policy will be provided as required.

#### Enlisting parents' support and advice for website.

Parents' attention will be drawn to the school e-Safety Policy in newsletters, and the website

Parent classes will be made available for Parents to fully understand the Internet risks and what they can do to prevent them.

Internet issues will be handled sensitively, and parents will be advised accordingly.

Communications	)tc	ad	ults	ner	Stu	dent	s/pu	pils
A wide range of rapidly developing communications technologies has the potential to enhance learning. The following table shows how the school currently considers the benefit of using these technologies for education outweighs their risks / disadvantages:  Communication Technologies during school times	Allowed	Allowed at certain times	Allowed for selected staff	Not allowed	Allowed	Allowed at certain times	Allowed with staff permission	Not allowed
Mobile phones may be brought to school		✓						✓
Use of mobile phones in lessons				✓				<b>✓</b>
Use of mobile phones in social time		✓						<b>✓</b>
Taking photos on mobile phones / cameras				✓				<b>✓</b>
Use of other mobile devices eg tablets, gaming devices	✓					✓		
Use of personal email addresses in school, or on school network		✓						<b>✓</b>
Use of school email for personal emails	✓							
Use of messaging apps	✓	_				_		<b>√</b>
Use of social media			✓					✓
Use of blogs	✓					✓		

Staff and other

When using communication technologies the school considers the following as good practice:

- The official school email service may be regarded as safe and secure and is monitored. Users should be aware that email communications are monitored. Staff and pupils should therefore use only the school email service to communicate with others when in school, or on school systems (eg by remote access).
- Users must immediately report, to the nominated person in accordance with the school policy, the receipt of any communication that makes them feel uncomfortable, is offensive, discriminatory, threatening or bullying in nature and must not respond to any such communication.
- Any digital communication between staff pupils or parents / carers (email, chat, blog etc) must be professional in tone and content. These communications may only take place on official (monitored) school systems. Personal email addresses, text messaging or social media must not be used for these communications.
- Whole class / group email addresses may be used at KS1, while pupils at KS2 and above will be provided with individual school email addresses for educational use.
- Pupils should be taught about e-safety issues, such as the risks attached to the sharing of personal details. They should also be taught strategies to deal with inappropriate communications and be reminded of the need to communicate appropriately when using digital technologies.
- Personal information should not be posted on the school website and only official email addresses should be used to identify members of staff.

## Social Media - Protecting Professional Identity

All schools, academies and local authorities have a duty of care to provide a safe learning environment for pupils and staff. Schools and local authorities could be held responsible, indirectly for acts of their employees in the course of their employment. Staff members who harass, cyberbully, discriminate on the grounds of sex, race or disability or who defame a third party may render the *school / academy* or local authority liable to the injured party. Reasonable steps to prevent predictable harm must be in place.

The school provides the following measures to ensure reasonable steps are in place to minimise risk of harm to pupils, staff and the school through limiting access to personal information:

- Training to include: acceptable use; social media risks; checking of settings; data protection; reporting issues
- Clear reporting guidance, including responsibilities, procedures and sanctions
- Risk assessment, including legal risk

#### School staff should ensure that:

- No reference should be made in personal social media to students / pupils, parents / carers or school staff
- They do not engage in online discussion on personal matters relating to members of the school community
- Personal opinions should not be attributed to the school or local authority
- Security settings on personal social media profiles are regularly checked to minimise risk of loss of personal information.

The *school's* use of social media for professional purposes will be checked regularly by the head teacher and e-safety committee to ensure compliance with the social media, Data Protection, Communications, Digital Image and Video Policies.

#### **Unsuitable / inappropriate activities**

The school believes that the activities referred to in the following section would be inappropriate in a school context and that users, as defined below, should not engage in these activities in school or outside school when using school equipment or systems. The school policy restricts usage as follows:

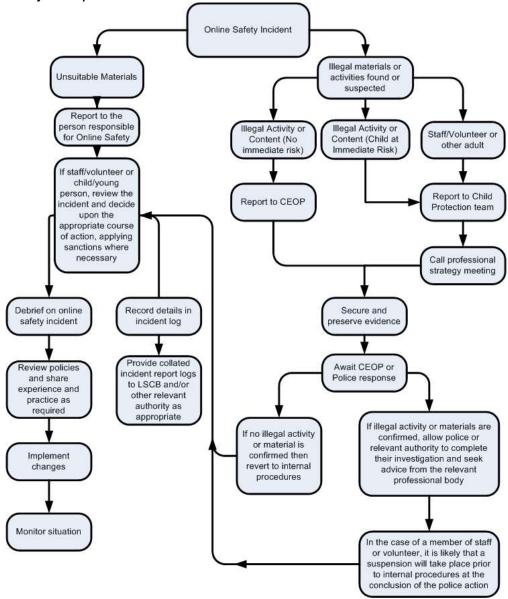
User Action	ons	Acceptable	Acceptable at certain times	Acceptable for nominated users	Unacceptable	Unacceptable and illegal
	Child sexual abuse images —The making, production or distribution of indecent images of children. Contrary to The Protection of Children Act 1978					Х
Users shall not visit Internet	Grooming, incitement, arrangement or facilitation of sexual acts against children Contrary to the Sexual Offences Act 2003.					Х
sites, make, post, download,	Possession of an extreme pornographic image (grossly offensive, disgusting or otherwise of an obscene character) Contrary to the Criminal Justice and Immigration Act 2008					Х
upload, data transfer,	criminally racist material in UK – to stir up religious hatred (or hatred on the grounds of sexual orientation) - contrary to the Public Order Act 1986					Х
communicate or pass on, material,	Pornography				Х	
remarks, proposals or	promotion of any kind of discrimination				Х	
comments that contain or relate to:	threatening behaviour, including promotion of physical violence or mental harm				Х	
relate to:	any other information which may be offensive to colleagues or breaches the integrity of the ethos of the school or brings the school into disrepute				Х	
Using school systems to run a private business					Х	
Using systems, applicate employed by the scho	cions, websites or other mechanisms that bypass the filtering or other safeguards ol / academy				Х	
Infringing copyright					Х	
	g confidential or proprietary information (eg financial / personal information, databases, ccess codes and passwords)				Х	
Creating or propagation	ng computer viruses or other harmful files				Х	
Unfair usage (downloo	Unfair usage (downloading / uploading large files that hinders others in their use of the internet)				Х	
On-line gaming (educ	ational)			Х		
On-line gaming (non e	educational)				Х	
On-line gambling					Х	
On-line shopping / con	nmerce			Х		
File sharing				Х		
Use of social media				Х		
Use of messaging apps				X		
Use of video broadcast	ring eg Youtube			x	X	

#### Responding to incidents of misuse

This guidance is intended for use when staff need to manage incidents that involve the use of online services. It encourages a safe and secure approach to the management of the incident. Incidents might involve illegal or inappropriate activities (see "User Actions" above).

## Illegal Incidents

If there is any suspicion that the web site(s) concerned may contain child abuse images, or if there is any other suspected illegal activity, refer to the right hand side of the Flowchart (below and appendix) for responding to online safety incidents and report immediately to the police.



## Other Incidents

It is hoped that all members of the school community will be responsible users of digital technologies, who understand and follow school policy. However, there may be times when infringements of the policy could take place, through careless or irresponsible or, very rarely, through deliberate misuse.

#### In the event of suspicion, all steps in this procedure should be followed:

- Have more than one senior member of staff / volunteer involved in this process. This is vital to protect individuals if accusations are subsequently reported.
- Conduct the procedure using a designated computer that will not be used by young people and if necessary, can be taken off site by the police should the need arise. Use the same computer for the duration of the procedure.
- It is important to ensure that the relevant staff should have appropriate internet access to conduct the procedure, but also that the sites and content visited are closely monitored and recorded (to provide further protection).
- Record the url of any site containing the alleged misuse and describe the nature of the content causing concern. It may also be necessary to record and store screenshots of the content on the machine being used for investigation. These may be printed, signed and attached to the form (except in the case of images of child sexual abuse see below)

- Once this has been completed and fully investigated the group will need to judge whether this concern has substance or not. If it does then appropriate action will be required and could include the following:
- Internal response or discipline procedures
- Involvement by Local Authority or national / local organisation (as relevant).
- Police involvement and/or action
- If content being reviewed includes images of Child abuse, then the monitoring should be halted and referred to the Police immediately. Other instances to report to the police would include:
- incidents of 'grooming' behaviour
- the sending of obscene materials to a child
- adult material which potentially breaches the Obscene Publications Act
- criminally racist material
- other criminal conduct, activity or materials
- Isolate the computer in question as best you can. Any change to its state may hinder a later police investigation.

It is important that all of the above steps are taken as they will provide an evidence trail for the school and possibly the police and demonstrate that visits to these sites were carried out for child protection purposes. The completed form should be retained by the group for evidence and reference purposes.

#### School Actions & Sanctions

It is more likely that the school will need to deal with incidents that involve inappropriate rather than illegal misuse. It is important that any incidents are dealt with as soon as possible in a proportionate manner, and that members of the school community are aware that incidents have been dealt with. It is intended that incidents of misuse will be dealt with through normal behaviour / disciplinary procedures as follows:

Incidents:	Inform Safeguarding Unit	Refer to Phase Leader	Refer to Headteacher /	Refer to Police	Refer to technical support staff for action re filtering / security etc	Inform parents / carers	Removal of network / internet access rights	Consider Management instruction/warning processes	Further sanction eg detention / exclusion
Deliberately accessing or trying to access material that could be considered illegal (see list in earlier section on unsuitable / inappropriate activities).	X		X	x		X			
Unauthorised use of non-educational sites during lessons		X				X		X	
Unauthorised use of mobile phone / digital camera / other mobile device			X			X		X	
Unauthorised use of social media / messaging apps / personal email			X		Х	X		X	
Unauthorised downloading or uploading of files			X		X	X		X	
Allowing others to access school network by sharing username and passwords			X		X	X		X	
Attempting to access or accessing the school / network, using another student's / pupil's account		X			X	X		X	
Attempting to access or accessing the school / academy network, using the account of a member of staff			X		х	X		х	x
Corrupting or destroying the data of other users			X			X		X	
Sending an email, text or message that is regarded as offensive, harassment or of a bullying nature			X			X		х	
Continued infringements of the above, following previous warnings or sanctions			X			X	X		
Actions which could bring the school into disrepute or breach the integrity of the ethos of the school			X			X		х	X
Using proxy sites or other means to subvert the school's / filtering system	X		X	х		X		х	х
Accidentally accessing offensive or pornographic material and failing to report the incident			X		х	X		х	
Deliberately accessing or trying to access offensive or pornographic material	X		X	X	х		X	х	х
Receipt or transmission of material that infringes the copyright of another person or infringes the Data Protection Act/GDPR			x		х	X	x	х	X

Year	Be Sharp	Be Alert	Be Secure	Be Kind	Be Brave
Soogle Internet Legends	Activity 1: Is it als to share? See page 9 and 53 in PDF Activity 2: Keeping it private See page 13 and 54 in PDF Activity 3: (pterland; Mindful Mountain	Activity 1: Don't bite that phishing hook! See pages 18-21 and 54 in PDF Activity 2: latedand; Reality Reselling River	Use baseline activity page 57 as guidance. Activity 1: How to build a strong password See pages 31-33 and 58 in PDF Activity 2: Taking care of yourself and others See page 36 and 59 in PDF Activity 3: litteraph; Tower of Treasures See page 37 for discussion prompts	Could use 'Be a kindness superhera' on page 59. Activity 1: How can I stand up to others? See pages 41-42 and 60 in PDF Activity 2: Reacting to role-models See page 46 and 60 in PDF Activity 3: Intergand; Kind Kingdom See page 47 for discussion prompt	Recap on the four pillars looked at over the first two terms. The last pillar is 'Be Brave' – what might this mean in the context of our lessons? How can you be brave with your online activity?
4 SWGFL	Vear 4 – Rings of Responsibility lesson	Veor 4 – The Key to Key Words	Vear 4 – Private and Personal Information	Vear 4 – The Power of Words	Recap on the four pillars looked at over the first two terms. The last pillar is 'Be Brave' – what might this mean in the context of our lessons? How can you be brave with your online activity?
Soogle Internet Legends	Use baseline activity on page 62 of POF. Activity 1: Whose profile is this anyway? See pages 10/11 and 63 in POF Activity 2: How do others see us? See page 12 and 63 in POF Activity 3: (pterland; Mnafful Mountain See page 14 in POF Followed by discussion – question prompts within POF	Use baseline activity on page 65 as prompt for discussion. Activity 1: Don't bite that phishing hook! See pages 18-21 and 66 in PDF Activity 2: Who are you, really? See pages 22-26 and 66 in PDF Activity 3: later(and): River See page 27 in PDF Pollowed by discussion – question prompts within PDF	Activity 1: How secure is my password?  Use website  https://howsecureismypassword.net/ Start with an easy word/phrase and develop using upper/lowers/numbers/characters to see what the strongest password they can create is.  Activity 2: StapKeep it to yourself! We can't actually demonstrate this but the concept of privacy settings, 2-step verification can be discussed using info on page 34 and 70 in PDF Activity 3: latedapad: Tower of Treasures See page 37 for discussion prompts	Use baseline activity page 72 as guidance. Activity 1: Tuming negative into positive See pages 43-44 and 73 in PDF Activity 2: Mixed messages See page 45 and 73 in PDF Activity 3: Literland: Kind Kingdom See page 47 for discussion prompts	Recap on the four pillars looked at over the first two terms. The last pillar is 'Be Brave' – what might this mean in the context of our lessons? How can you be brave with your online activity?
6 SWGFL	Vear 6 – Talking Safely Online	Veor 5 – Picture Perfect	Vear 6 – Privacy Rules	Vear 6 – What's cyberbullying?	Recap on the four pillars looked at over the first two terms. The last pillar is 'Be Brave' – what might this mean in the context of our lessons? How can you be brave with your online activity?

## **Garswood Pupil requirements for Internet use KS1:**

## Garswood Online Safety Agreement In order to use the Laptops, Desktops I will... iPads. I must agree to the following statements: use the log ins my teacher gave me not use other people's SeeSaw and Teams accounts only use Google when a teacher is with me not send messages to just one person on Teams, SeeSaw or email. not put photos of my friends or information about them on the tell my teacher if I see SMOOthWall on my computer. not meet anyone I don't know from the internet or tell them where I live. not search for things that are not nice or not kind. tell my teacher if I see something that makes me feel uncomfortable not buy things on the computer in school. not do things on the school computers that are against the law. not bring things into school that can be put in a computer. not send messages that are unkind or pretend they are not from me. understand that my teachers could check my computer for things I have saved. remember I am lucky to have computers in school and need to treat them safely. What could happen if I break the rules: I would not be allowed to use the internet in school. My family could be phoned. People in authority like the police could be phoned. My teacher could come up with their own consequences:

## **Garswood Pupil requirements for Internet use K\$2:**

## Garswood Online Safety Agreement In order to use the Laptops, Desktops, iPads. I will... I must agree to the following statements: only access the computers and various applications with my own login and password, which I will keep secret. (Unless instructed by my teacher) not access other people's files, SeeSaw accounts or Teams log ins and damage their work. use the Internet when supervised with permission and only for activities and work approved by a member of staff. only Email people my teacher has approved, and not use the Internet , SeeSaw or Teams for personal or private messages. respect the privacy of others. I will not publish their names, addresses, phone numbers or photographs report a Smoothwall notification to a member of staff immediately and inform them of what I was inputting. not give my home address or telephone number, or arrange to meet someone, through the Internet not try to find or use unacceptable material from the Internet and not use work from the Internet as if it was my own report any unkind messages. I understand this report might be shared with responsible adults and would help protect pupils & mysel not use school computers or iPads to subscribe to purchase any apps, or buy things off the Internet. not take part in any activity which goes against school rules or government legislation such as downloading online software. onot bring in CD's, USBs or any electronic data from outside school unless I have been given permission not send unsuitable email messages. The messages I send will be polite, responsible and only signed in my name and not be anonymous. understand that the school may check my computer files and folders and may monitor the sites I visit e.a. SeeSaw and Teams. remember that access is a privilege, not a right and that access requires responsibility. Sanctions - A breach of this may lead to these consequences: A temporary or permanent ban on internet use. Pupils' parents being contacted.

Other external agencies being contacted.

Other actions may be added in line with Garswood's behaviour policy.

## Garswood Curriculum Map coverage 2021 - Online Safety:

#### Online safety coverage - Year 1

## Using Technology (IT) Pupils should be tought to use technology propertiely to create a creamle, store.

# Algorithms (IT) (III) (III)

# Uses of IT beyond School (IT) Pupils should be taught to necognile common user of Information technology beyond

## Create Programs (C\$) Pupili should be tought to create and debug simple

programs

#### (DL) Digit should be require to use trademings orbig a engagestigic beginning general filmmating picked should judice to get the high and upgare when it been senterm about senteral as extend or senter to the enterminal as the orbit verbraikage in

Safe Use

### Reasoning

(IT)
Pupile should be taught to use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs

#### National Curriculum statement for KS1

technology rafely and respectfully, beeping personal information private, identify where to go for help and suppowhen they have concern about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.

	Sequence Taught	Digital Literacy Taught	How this will be taught
1.1	Mouse, keybogrd and Images	Y1 Online Safety Twinkl e safety unit (and Curriculum Map resources)	In this unit, children learn about the potential dangers in the anihe world and what book steps we all need to take in paging have positive digital experiences. The first lesson, which is intended to be tought at the start of the stort of the consecutive unit. The start page on the learn about single, a search engine to active so the start and search early to first globuse. Children show the SIAART raise and lead at what information should be bept active when using the internet. The lessons then explane the partitives and potential negatives of anihe communication, such as email, and children will develop the shift to recognize potential dangers and act accordingly to been themselves and other safe.
1:2	Completing Online labels	Project Evolve Managing Online information Health and wellbeing online	Strategies for effective searching, critical gualization and ethical publishing The impact that technology has an health, well-being and lifestyle including understanding negative behaviours and issues amplified and sustained by online technologies and the strategies for dealing with them. The public meet is consisted capacity turke according image for their programs and/or splicingly that our work to the Stratch community site. Searching for content for programs or visuality other content for programs or visuality other content and positive search habit. If the public participate in the Stratch community, they need to third about that in themselon they are these and habit to participate in an object participate.
77	What is an algorithm?	Project Evolve privacy and security copyright and ownership	Behavioural and technical strategies to limit impact on privacy and protect data and systems against compromise.     Protecting personal content and crediting the rights of others as well as addressing potential consequences of illegal access, download and distribution.  The pupil consider have to stay safe within researching ordine and show respect for others lidea and intellectual property by othing their esecution and stay safe within researching ordine and show respect for others lidea and intellectual property by othing their esecutions and stay safe search iffers and in place for subgrouped and school internet access is filtered.
2:2	Music for Lovelace and Turing	Project Evolve self-image and Identity Online relationships	Shaping online identities and how media impacts on gender and stereotypes     Relationships and behaviours that may lead to harm and how positive online interaction can empower and amplify voice.  Children will learn basic computer shills and learn to use effective passwords including Japany log ins
3:4	Decisions, decisions	Think U Know scheme of work (and curriculum map resource) iLearn 2 e safety	A series of videos and resources to help teach e-safety to Veans 1 and 2—there are also key questions in bullet points. We suggest covering videos 1-3 with Vear 1 and finishing with the Lee and Kim video, then starting with Lee and Kim for Vear 2 and moving onto videos 4-6. We have created a pupil activity pack with the videos and questions below for pupilulparents to access at home or school. Pupil Activity Code. 42Q2
3:2	Can you spot a pattern?	Project Evolve Online reputation Online Bullying	<ul> <li>Strategies to manage personal digital content effectively and copitalise on technology's capacity to create effective positive profiles</li> <li>Strategies for effective reporting and intervention and how bullying and other aggressive behaviour relates to legislation Pupils beam that seesything they do online leaves a trait, authorizing in their digital featurest. They also become the use of safe search modes or whild friendly search engines and learn what to do if they meet inappropriate content. They also become familiar with intellectual property lights, including Creative Commons License, and the importance of activativelying other people's work.</li> </ul>

#### Online safety coverage - Year 2

Digital World

Tim Berners Lee

Technology

3:2

(and curriculum map resources)

iLearn 2 e safety

Project Evolve

Online reputation

Online Bullying

KSI	Using Technolog (IT)  Pupile should be taught to technology purposefully create, argania, store manipulate and retrieval	Digital should be longiful for understand what the signal for understand what digital for understand what digital for understand an programm on all pills discharge and fill an programm some signal pills of the signal programs are signal to all programs are signal to all programs are signal to all pills and pills are signal to all	Uses of IT beyond School (IT)  Pupils should be fought to recognite common uses of Information technology beyond school	Create Programs (C3) Pupils should be taught to create and diebug simple programs	Safe Use (DL)  Sugal shealth and the same shear and same same same same same same same shear and same same same same same same same same	Reasoning (IT) Pupils should be taught to use legical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs
Na	tional Curricul	um statement for KS		ectivity, beaping personal information pro- nounce about content or contact on the li-	hudte, identify where to go for help and s starned or other online technologies.	Lipport GUEST
	Sequence Taught	Digital Literacy Taught		How this w	ill be taught	2 TOTAL
1:1	Animation	Project Evolve Managing Online information Health and wellbeing online	<ul> <li>The impact that technol behaviours and issues amp The pupil need to consider appright content for programs or viewing other</li> </ul>	liffied and sustained by online when sourchy langue for their programs a or contains also offers an apportunity to de	nd ethical publishing and lifestyle including underst technologies and the strategie where placeting their own und to the Sore leaks sells earth habts. The pupils portill will kely in an online community, as sell as	es for dealing with them. alch community life. Searching for spate in the Scratch community, they
17	Pictograms	Project Evolve privacy and security copyright and ownership	<ul> <li>Protecting personal content download and distribution.</li> <li>The pupils consider hour to stay so</li> </ul>	nt and crediting the rights of other	oney and protect date and system is as well as addressing potential respect for others' lidear and intellect gie and school internet access is filters	consequences of illegal access, wal property by atting their sources
2:1	Creating an Online e book	Project Evolve self-image and Identity Online relationships	Relationships and beh empower and amplify v	aviours that may lead to h oice.	s on gender and stereotype arm and how positive onlin two passwords and take screensho	ne interaction can
2:2	Scratch Jr	Y2 Online Safety Twinkl e safety unit (and Curriculum Map resource)	improve the afficiency of their information, as well as how to	r online searches, the types of web identify inappropriate content a bullying' and look at how they sh	es a trail called a digital footprint estes that are best for children to not the actions they should take it ould communicate online and de	access when looking for f they do. Children will be
Ξ.	Wonders of the	Think U Know scheme of work	points. We suggest covering	g videos f-3 with Vear I and fi	Vears 1 and 2 – there are also rishing with the Lee and Kim v we created a pupil activity pac	video, then starting with Lee

and Kim for Year 2 and moving onto videos 4-6. We have created a pupil activity pack with the videos and

Strategies to manage personal digital content effectively and capitalise on technology's capacity to create effective positive

questions below for pupils/parents to access at home or school. Pupil Activity Code: 4202

#### Online safety coverage - Year 3

Create programs

(II)

Application includes a shallow who and shallow process the sampling party and shallow party an

Develop programs
(C5)

Opti shedd to bught to use
separate, usballey and republics in
programs, usballey and republics and

Reasoning

Networks (C) Search engines
(II)
Ough death in implement account to the control of the control

Using programs

Safe use (DL)

#### National Curriculum statement for KS2

Like technology safely, gagectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.

	Sequence Taught	Digital Literacy Taught	How this will be taught
1:1	Solving Steve Jobs Problem	Project Evolve Managing Online information Health and wellbeing online	Strategies for effective searching, critical gyalyation and ethical publishing     The impact that technology has an health, well-being and lifestyle including understanding negative behaviours and issues amplified and sustained by online technologies and the strategies for dealing with them.  The pupil need to contain applied when country images for their progress and/or uploading their our work to the Social community site. Searching for contain for progress or dealing other anticore also offers an apportunity to dealings are seen health. If the pupil portlipide is the Stratch community, they need to think about what information they are not and not not profittions portly in an arrive arranging as well as a few and not not profit posts portly in an arrive arranging as well as few and are not post to profit posts and post to a contain arranging are set of the second post and are not post to post to be a second post to be set of the second post to be a second post to be set of the second post to be a second post to be a second post to be second post to be second post to be a second post to be second post t
12	Gaming online friends and Privacy	Internet Legends scheme of work (and curriculum map resources) iLegrn 2 e safety	Be Internet Secure:  - Explain why it important to beep personal information private online.  - Explain why it important to beep personal information private online.  - Describe what to beep personal information private online by using safety took and privacy settings.  - Describe what to find and call for help if someone feels unsafe online.  - Describe what Nind  - Demonstrate was to build positive and healthy online relationships and friendships.  - Describe strategies they can use to respond to hurtful online beloadour, in voys that beep them safe and healthy.  - Identify sources of support that can help infinite and peen if they are experienting hurtful behaviour online.
74	Perfect Poetry	Project Evolve privacy and security copyright and ownership	Behavioural and technical strategies to limit impact on privacy and protect data and systems against compromise.     Protecting personal content and crediting the rights of others as well as addressing potential consequences of illegal access, download and distribution.  The pupil consider have to stay after white researching estimates if how respect for other island and intellectual property by atting their sources, and using literated images. Safe search filter are in place to valid. Coople and whole internet access it filtered.
2:2	Digital Art and Music	Y3 Online Safety Twinkl e safety unit (and Curriculum Map resource)	In this unit, children are introduced to email and other forms of anims communication. They will look at how to write and eard email, or well as how to decide if an email is unit to open. They will build on that eather) howevery of open the to decide in the united behaviour and/or. The war and importance of privacy settings is integrated and children will discuss the types of information we should not show anims. They will build on the liter of a digital independent by thirtography on the advertishing seen anims are sometime or sometime or will find the unit by willing the impossing the pure galants to plan a party using order communication methods.
æ	Scratch Tunes	Project Evolve self-image and Identity Online relationships	Shaping online identities and how media impacts on gender and stereotypes     Relationships and behaviours that may lead to harm and how positive online interaction can empower and amplify voice.  Children will newle basic computer skills and learn to use effective passwords and take screenshots
3:2	Comic Creations	Project Evolve Online reputation Online Bullying	Strotegies to manage personal digital content effectively and capitalise on technology's capacity to create effective positive profiles Strotegies for effective reporting and intervention and how bullying and other aggressive behaviour relates to legislation. Pupil soon that escripting they do online iscarse of trait, as inchesting in their digital footprint. They obscious the use of rate search modes or other intervention and iscarse for the property digital footprint. They obscious footprint with intellectual property digits, including Creative Common Manager, and the importance of administrating in people's work.

#### Online safety coverage - Year 4

(\$2	Create programs	
-	ability graphers that averagint specify parts including controlling an circulating ability systems unless continues in	ı

Develop programs
(C5)
Signi stream of the languist for some representation and regulation for programmy starts with stream and

## Reasoning

Networks (6) Search engines
(II)
Optionalism representation and the color of what and the color of wh

Using programs

Safe use (DL)

#### National Curriculum statement for KS2

Use technology safely, gygectfylly, and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.

	Sequence	Digital Literacy	
	Taught	Taught	How this will be taught
1:1	Animated Food Chain	Project Evolve self-image and Identity Online relationships	Shaping online identities and how media impacts on gender and stereotypes     Relationships and behaviours that may lead to harm and how positive online interaction can empower and amplify voice.  Children will nevie basic computer skills from year 3 and be reminded of the importance of using an effective password.
12	TED Talks	Project Evolve Online reputation Online Bullying	Strategies to manage personal digital content effectively and capitalise on technology's capacity to create effective positive profiles  Strategies for effective reporting and intervention and how bullying and other aggressive behaviour relates to legislation.  In timing one another, the pupils need to ensure that the appropriate permission has been obtained, and that they are respectfully and respectfully and respectfully and respectfully the implication of sideor being mode available on the school network or more unitely via the internet. They should discuss why schools and other organizations have strict policies over filming.
74	Password and E safety	Internet Legends scheme of work (and curriculum map resources) iLearn 2 e safety	Be Internet Secure:  Explain why it's important to beep personal information private online.  Describe wors to beep personal information private online by using safety tools and privacy settings.  Describe how to find and safe help if someone feet unsafe online.  Be Internet Kind  Demonstrate ways to build positive and healthy online relationships and friendships.  Describe strategies they can use to respond to hurtful online behaviour, in ways that beep them safe and healthy.  Identify sources of support that on help friends and peen if they are experiencing hurtful behaviour online.
2:2	Mindset of Minecraft	Project Evolve Managing Online information Health and wellbeing online	<ul> <li>Strategies for effective searching, critical syglugging and ethical publishing</li> <li>The impact that technology has an health, well-being and lifestyle including understanding negative behaviours and issues amplified and sustained by online technologies and the strategies for dealing with them The publisher how any it is to anote amend for the use. The wife provider on apportunity to achieve some of the right of wing the well, and how pupils and best here therewhere and while doing as. They bean how early such pages can be modified, which provides an apportunity to contain the reliability of such decade context.</li> </ul>
33	Rising to Bill Gates challenge	Y4 Online Safety Twinkl e safety unit (and Curriculum Map resource)	In this unit, children learn about preventing and dealing with cyberbullying; how to use search engines efficiently; how to avoid plagianism online; and how to be a good digital citizen. The unit ends with children applying their new knowledge to design a character to be displayed around school to promote online safety.
3:2	Choose your Team	Project Evolve privacy and security copyright and ownership	Behavioural and technical strategies to limit impact on privacy and protect data and systems against compromise. Protecting personal content and crediting the rights of others as well as addressing potential consequences of illegal access, download and distribution. The pupils consider the importance of obtaining and using accurate data for any information-processing work. If the pupils film one another, they need to ensure appropriate permittein is obtained and that nearables are made, edited and shown in sine, grapping and responsible space. The pupils appreciate permittein of the importance of earlier and expensible against expect their portraits about the implications of earlier or the information that their sole has protected as to the information of the other latest or the protection of the importance of the information of the other latest or the total restored as to the information.

#### Online safety coverage - Year 5

Create programs

(II)

(Ingol house or inspired actions with and an advantable of the control of

Develop programs
(CS)
Suph charact the daught for one requires reliable, and regulation in graphene, useful with controller and residue.

Reasoning

Networks (CS) Search engines

Using programs (IT)

Safe use (DL)

National Curriculum statement for KS2

Use technology safely, respectfully, and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.

	Sequence Taught	Digital Literacy Taught	How this will be taught
1:1	Kodu Creations	Y5 Online Safety Twinkl e safety unit (and Curriculum Map resource)	In this unit, children will learn about email safety with a focus on preventing and dealing with spam. They will consider the importance of strong passwords and learn how to create them. Children will build on their knowledge of plagatarian and fair use of people's work by learning how to write distribut and references for websites they may use. They will explose photographs that they see ordine and learn how easy it to manipulate pictures and present them as reality.
1:2	Networks and Inputs	Project Evolve Online reputation Online Bullying	Strategies to manage personal digital content effectively and copitalise on technology's capacity to create effective positive profiles     Strategies for effective reporting and intervention and how bullying and other aggressive behaviour relates to legislation. The unit provides are apportunity to reinferor messages around safe searching and evaluating the quality of aniles content. If the pupils uplead their event for others to see, they should consider the importance of protecting personal information as well as recogniting that they are sharing their own copyrighted work with an audience.
2:1	CBeebies e book challenge	Project Evolve privacy and security copyright and ownership	Behavioural and technical strategies to limit impact on privacy and protect data and systems against compromise. Protecting personal content and crediting the rights of others as well as addressing potential consequences of illegal access, download and distribution. The pupils need to think about copyright when sourcing audio or publishing their own compositions. They are encouraged to use Creative Common Standard Vacation of the audio files. There's an apportunity to discuss how copyright relates to must performed in school or useful allegat describeding and shoring at copyrighted music.
2:2	Tour of America	Project Evolve Managing Online information Health and wellbeing online	<ul> <li>Strategies for effective searching, critical gyaluotion and ethical publishing</li> <li>The impact that technology has an health, well-being and lifestyle including understanding negative behaviours and issues amplified and sustained by online technologies and the strategies for dealing with them the technology safety, gagactifully and responsible; recognite acceptable/unacceptable behaviour, identify a range of ways to report consume about constant and contact.</li> </ul>
3:4	Preparing for the Planets	<b>Project Evolve</b> self-image and Identity Online relationships	Shaping online identities and how media impacts on gender and stereotypes     Relationships and behaviours that may lead to harm and how positive online interaction can empower and amplify voice.  The pupils should absence good practice when searching for and selecting digital content. If the pupils choose to locate their 20 model geographically, they should avoid sharing private information. The pupils should think about capyright when adding content to their model or publishing images or videos of their model.
3:2	Cyberbullying and Reporting	Internet Legends scheme of work (and curriculum map resources) iLearn 2 e safety	Be Internet Sharps Explain what it means to have a positive digital footprint, and why it is important.  Explain things someone can do to build a positive digital footprint.  Be Internet Aliert Describe ways to critically exclude what we see on social media  Explain how social media on mislead or minrepresent reality.  Identify different types if online soom people our age may experience including philiting identify sources of support for someone who is worked about anything online.

### Online safety coverage - Year 6

KS2	Create programs  (II)  Suph shade arranged to shalps write and shade present that assemble grantly parts or including places in the program who provides the program of the	Develop programs  (C5)  Soph wheelt be length for one reporter, until the relationship of the control of the co	
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Reasoning

Networks Sear

Search engines
(II)

Applicate the major or unant and the major or unant the major or una

Safe use (DL)

#### National Curriculum statement for KS2

Use technology safely, gagectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.

	Sequence Taught	Digital Literacy Taught	How this will be taught
1:1	Virtual Reality	Project Evolve self-image and Identity Online relationships	Shaping online identities and how media impacts on gender and stereotypes     Relationships and behaviours that may lead to harm and how positive online interaction can empower and amplify vaice.  The part of the part
12	History and Binary	Project Evolve Online reputation Online Bullying	• Strategies to manage personal digital content effectively and capitalise on technology's capacity to create effective positive profiles. • Strategies for effective reporting and inharvention and how building and other aggressive behaviour relates to legislation. The pupils counted the capacitities of immobilise and make an element of building the profiles and the street expectation in the management of the capacitities of these devices, including how they can be used to record and show location information, they consider some of the implications of this. They use earth engines safely and effectively. The pupils could make use of their own tablets or smartphones in school, considering how they can do this safely and affectively. The pupils could make use of their own tablets or smartphones in school, considering how they can do this safely and to good effect.
2:4	The Code behind the game	Project Evolve privacy and security copyright and ownership	• Behavioural and technical strategies to limit impact on privacy and protect data and systems against compromise. • Protecting personal content and crediting the rights of others as well as addressing potential consequences of flegal access, download and distribution. The pupils learn about some common algorithms, gapaging, that more efficient solutions to the same power or reduce the impact of computation or energy and other resources. They remit code on Stratch and Strags weekless, or permitted by Creative Commons against for the code they work with, in much the same usay or they might mostly agains against a public who with to register for account on these learness to observe the considerate forms and conditions, which backeds recorded constant.
2.2	Emojis and communication Text talk/ Phishing	scheme of work (and curriculum map resources) iLearn 2 e safety	Be Internet Secure: Explain why it's important to beep personal information private online.  Describe was to beep personal information private online by uring unity tools and privaty estings.  Describe how to find and also for help? It consense featu weeke colline.  Be Internet Kind Demonstrate ways to build positive and healthy online relationships and trianships.  Describe streadings they are use to respond to hurstud unline adjustage. In way that beep them safe and healthy, identify sources of support that can help friends and peen if they are experiencing hurstud behavior.
33	Programming with Python	Project Evolve Managing Online information Health and wellbeing online	Strotegies for effective searching, critical gualupting and ethical publishing. The impact that technology has an health, well-being and lifestyle including understanding negative behaviours and issues amplified and sustained by online technologies and the strotegies for dealing with them. The page tender a state of requester as precision. The graphic project is the strotegies for dealing with them. The page tender a state of requester as precision. The graphic project is dealing a feature of page in the deal of the state
3:2	Image Editing	Y6 Online Safety Twinkl e safety unit (and Curriculum Mac resources)	In this unit about online safety, children will be taking a more in depth look at a variety of online safety issue, most of which they will have been familiarized with in previous years. They will be introduced to the idea of the internet, as a type of smalla, and how it can shape our ideas about hosp and girl through stematypes. Children will be given ways to deal with online content that they find worrying or even believe to be dangerous.

#### Online safety coverage - EYFS

#### National Curriculum statement for KS1

is technology rafely and respectfully, beeping personal information private, identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.

Sequence Taught	Digital Literacy Taught	How this will be taught
rt of a half temnly provide Foundation ensure children are dance with the	Think U Know scheme of work (and curriculum map resources)	Early years' children will not naturally be aware of the dangers of the internet because their use of it will be minimal compared to older children. It is still very important to introduce positives and the negatives as it does form part of the EVFS fromework. Below are some activities and resources you can use with the children, which also form nice discussion points. In many ways on-line safely can be connected to general safety discussions; not talking to strongers, if something is wrong tell an adult you trust etc.
part of a half termly vill provide Foundati to ensure children ar cordance with the ts.	iLearn 2 e safety	Resources for settings to use with parents and carers  - AuthAboutCanner: Supporting families with video games  - Gailplact, Keeping under-fives safe online  - Internet Matters: Guidance for parents of pre-schoolers
EVFS will not be teaching e safety as part of a oppoach. E safety resources opposite will provid Stage staff with all the tools necessary to ensure fully aware teaching e safety in accordance children's interests.	Project Evolve  Managing Online information Health and wellbeing online privacy and security copyright and ownership self- image and Identity Online relationships Online reputation Online Bullying	London Grid for Learning: <u>Portal</u> linking to various resources on parental engagement around online safety     NSPCC: <u>Guidance for parents on keeping children safe online</u> Parent Zone: <u>Digital Parenting magazine</u> Parent Info <u>Thickuksnow:</u> <u>Guidance and information for parents/carers from NCA-CEOP</u>
EVFS will not be teaching e safety as proach. E safety resources opposite v tage staff with all the tools necessary fully aware teaching e safety in ac children's interes		Resources for settings to use for education  Childhat: Storybooks for early years and K51 pupils  • Smartie the Penguin  • Disclaude, Stories
~	Internet Matters EVFS Pock	Thickuksaw - Resources for early years and KS1 publis from NCA-CEOP UNCIS - Education for a Connected World' Framework - this framework provides information on the skills and competences that children should have across 8 different areas of online safety
EVFS wil approach. Stage stal fully o	Twinkl resources Early Years e safety	Cheadin The do and don'ts for Early Vean online safety:  According to Ofcom's recent survey on Children's Media Use and Attitude (2018), 52% of 3-4-year-olds use the internet for an overage of 9 hours every week and 45% 3-4-year-olds use YouTube. With technology becoming an integral part of our lives, it's important that children are familiarised with rafe online practice from a young age. Apart from supervision, guidange and monitoring, it's also the responsibility of carers to set the right example for rafe usage and privacy awareness.

Computing Lead - Les Moon June 2023